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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/580,954	05/30/2006	Steffen Fries	1454.1714	8341
21171 STAAS & HA I	7590 06/08/201 SEY LLP)	EXAMINER	
SUITE 700			WILLIAMS, JEFFERY L	
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2437	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/08/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/580,954	FRIES, STEFFEN
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	JEFFERY WILLIAMS	2437
The MAILING DATE of this communica Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communi - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statut - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply with Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recation. ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON, by statute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. EANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed of the communication (s) filed of the communi	☐ This action is non-final. r allowance except for formal matt	, ,
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 11,14,15,17,20,21 and 23 is/a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 11, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, and 23 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the E	withdrawn from consideration. is/are rejected. an and/or election requirement.	
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the short of th	on to the drawing(s) be held in abeyan e correction is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
	ocuments have been received. Ocuments have been received in A Ocuments have been	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	9-948) Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application

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1	DETAILED ACTION			
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3	This action is in response to the communication filed on 3/25/10.			
4	All objections and rejections not set forth below have been withdrawn.			
5	Claims 11, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, and 23 are pending.			
6				
7	Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103			
8				
9	The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all			
10	obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:			
11 12 13 14 15 16	(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.			
17	Claims 11, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as			
18	being unpatentable over DiSanto et al. (DiSanto), U.S. Patent Publication			
19	2003/0009659 in view of Blom et al. (Blom), "Conversational IP Multimedia			
20	Security".			
21				
22	Regarding claim 11, DiSanto discloses:			
23	a protocol processing unit processing messages of the key exchange protocol as			
24	well as data packets transported on the packet-oriented network using the encrypted			
25	transport protocol with keys for the encrypted transport protocol exchanged using a key			
26	exchange protocol,, converting voice signals, created by the one of the first and second			

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1 telecommunication terminals at which said security module is connected, into data

- 2 packets for transport via the encrypted transport protocol and converting data packets,
- 3 arriving at said security module after transport via the encrypted transport protocol, into
- 4 voice signals (DiSanto, fig. 2b:210,220; par. 31, 42, 43 Herein DiSanto discloses
- 5 means for processing key exchange and encrypted data transport procedures [i.e.
- 6 "protocols" for the purpose of encrypting and decrypting voice and data
- 7 communications between telecommunication terminals);

a modem connection unit, used when said security module is connected in a connecting line at a second telecommunication terminal, setting up a modem connection between the second telecommunication terminal and at least one of the gateway and another second telecommunication terminal, with the data packets being transported using the encrypted transport protocol, along with messages of the key exchange protocol, via the modem connection (DiSanto, fig. 2b:240; fig. 4; par. 33).

wherein a point-to-point protocol connection is used over the modem connection in transporting the data packets using the encrypted transport protocol, as well as messages of the key exchange protocol (DiSanto, par. 41, 42 – herein DiSanto discloses a procedure for establishing a direct connection between two nodes [i.e. "point-to-point protocol connection"].

DiSanto discloses a security module designed to provide encrypted transport to data between terminals within a network. DiSanto, however, does not appear to explicitly recite wherein the encrypted transport protocol is Secure Real Time Transport Protocol.

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Blom discloses that applications for securely transmitting voice data through networks, such as disclosed by DiSanto, should employ SRTP (Blom, Abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ the teachings of Blom within DiSanto. This would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated by the teachings that such security protocols and methods were designed specifically so as to improve the secure transport of voice and data between communication terminals (Blom, Abstract; section 3).

Regarding claim 14, the combination enables:

wherein the key exchange protocol is multimedia Internet keying (Blom,

Abstract).

Regarding claim 15, the combination enables:

wherein for a telephone conversation, messages of the key exchange protocol are transported via a session initiation protocol, and wherein said protocol processing unit processes the session initiation protocol (Blom, section 2; section 5).

Regarding claim 17, the combination discloses that any conventional communications system may be employed (DiSanto, par. 19). While the combination does not appear to explicitly recite an ISDN communications system or the utilization of the B channel of the ISDN system, the examiner notes that the employment of ISDN and the B channel of ISDN were well known and implemented concepts to those of

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1 ordinary skill in the art. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to 2 recognize ISDN and the utilization of communications over the B channel because such 3 system was conventional and its benefits were well recognized. 4 5 Regarding claim 20, the combination enables: 6 wherein the packet-oriented network is an Internet protocol-based data network, 7 wherein the packet-oriented network is local area network (DiSanto, par. 19), and said 8 modem connection unit sets up the modem connection in accordance with at least one 9 of a V90 and a V92 standard (DiSanto, par. 33). 10 11 Regarding claim 21, the combination enables: 12 wherein said security module is connected into a connecting cable between a 13 telephone handset and the one of the first and second telecommunication terminals 14 (DiSanto, fig. 1). 15 16 Regarding claim 23, it comprises essentially similar recitations as claim 11, and it 17 is rejected, at least, for the same reasons as claim 11. 18 19 Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 3/25/10 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Applicant argues or asserts essentially that:

As such, the security module of claim 11 provides for end-to-end encryption between a client in a packet-oriented network and a client in a public switched telephone network (analog or digital) using the key exchange protocol and the encrypted transport protocol (SRTP) because each of the two distinct networks individually use the key exchange protocol and the encrypted transport protocol via the claimed protocol processing unit and modem connection unit, respectively. These features are not taught by either DiSanto or Blom. (Remarks, pg. 6)

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Examiner responds:

In response, the examiner respectfully notes that applicant's argument (i.e. "because each of the two distinct networks individually use the key exchange protocol and the encrypted transport protocol via the claimed protocol processing unit and modem connection unit, respectively. These features are not taught by either DiSanto or Blom") fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because it amounts to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references. It is noted that it the applicant fails to clearly identify which particular recitation within claim 11 that the applicant feels is not taught by the references.

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The examiner respectfully offers that the applicant may be alleging that the prior art does not teach a "packet-oriented network", "a connecting line", and "modem connection unit". However, the examiner disagrees with the applicant's allegations and notes that the prior art clearly teaches each of the recited "packet-oriented network" (e.g. DiSanto, par. 23), "a connecting line" (e.g. DiSanto, par. 42,43), and "modem connection unit" (e.g. DiSanto, par. 33)

Applicant argues or asserts essentially that:

Furthermore, the modem of DiSanto does not correspond to the claimed modem connection unit, as indicated by the Examiner. As discussed above, the claimed modem connection unit when the security module is connected in a connecting line at a second PSTN telecommunication terminal for transporting the data packets using the encrypted transport protocol, along with messages of the key exchange protocol, via the modem connection. As such, the claimed modem connection unit provides a transfer of encrypted communications from the packet-oriented network into the PSTN because the packet-oriented network also uses the encrypted transport protocol with keys for the encrypted transport protocol exchanged using the key exchange protocol.

DiSanto merely discloses a security device for secure communication over a plurality of networks (see DiSanto's Abstract). The internal modem 240 in FIG. 2B of DiSanto is used to perform analog to digital conversion when digitized voice data is directed to port 245 (see paragraph [0033] of DiSanto). Thus, the modem 240 is used merely to comply with the technical requirements of a respective network, but does not

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1 provide a technical solution enabling encryption of voice data in a heterogeneous

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2 network including a packet-oriented network and a PSTN. (Remarks, pg. 6)

Examiner responds:

In response, the examiner respectfully reminds the applicant that the claim recitations in question essentially pertain to a modem that *transports* encrypted communication. Applicant's arguments are unpersuasive, at least, for the reason that they essentially comprises only an allegation that the prior art "does not provide a technical solution enabling encryption of voice data in a heterogeneous network including a packet-oriented network and a PSTN".

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., a modem that provide a technical solution enabling encryption of voice data in a heterogeneous network including a packet-oriented network and a PSTN) are not recited in the rejected claim(s).

Applicant argues or asserts essentially that:

However, unlike in DiSanto, the modem of the claimed security module enables the data packets from the packet-oriented network to be transported using the encrypted transport protocol, along with messages of the key exchange protocol, via the modem connection. The procedure for establishing a direct connection between two

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1 nodes in DiSanto does not anticipate or render obvious this type of connection among

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2 terminals of different networks. (Remarks, pg. 6)

Examiner responds:

The examiner respectfully notes that the applicant's allegations (e.g. "the claimed security module enables the data packets from the packet-oriented network to be transported using the encrypted transport protocol, along with messages of the key exchange protocol, via the modem connection. The procedure for establishing a direct connection between two nodes in DiSanto does not anticipate or render obvious this type of connection among terminals of different networks") fail to specifically identify and argue for the novelty of any particular claim recitation. Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

Applicant argues or asserts essentially that:

One or ordinary skill in the art would clearly appreciate the difference between what is considered a packet-oriented data network and what is considered a telephone network. Thus, Applicant's position that two distinct networks have been defined by claim 11 is not unfounded as indicated by the Examiner. However, in order to further clarify the distinction between the claimed packet-oriented data network and telephone

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1 network, claim 11 has been amended to recite "a public switched telephone network".

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2 (Remarks, pg. 7)

Examiner responds:

The examiner respectfully notes that the applicant's arguments are unpersuasive, at least, for the fact that they comprise only allegation and lack any evidence or supporting rationale.

For example, the applicant asserts that there is a clearly appreciable difference between "a packet-oriented data network" and "a telephone network". However, the applicant fails to offer any explanation or support of the supposed difference. The examiner notes that recitations of a "packet-oriented data network" and "a telephone network" do not in themselves denote mutually exclusive networks, as apparently argued by the applicant. A PSTN has long been known to be used for transporting packets (e.g. applicant may consider, at least, DiSanto, fig. 1:60; par. 19, 23).

16 Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

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1 mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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2 shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

3 extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JEFFERY WILLIAMS whose telephone number is (571)272-7965. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Emmanuel Moise can be reached on (571) 272-3865. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

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/Jeffery Williams/

23 Examiner, Art Unit 2437

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/Emmanuel L. Moise/Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2437